# **SUTTER COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT**



## LOCAL COURT RULES

EFFECTIVE July 1, 2013 AMENDED January 1, 2017; July 1, 2017; July 1, 2018

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## CHAPTER 1 – PRELIMINARY RULES

### 1.0 NAME, CITATION, AND EFFECTIVE DATE

These rules shall be known as the Local Rules of the Superior Court of California, County of Sutter, referred to herein as Sutter County Superior Court. The rules may be cited as SCLR, followed by the appropriate number. These rules become effective on July 1, 2013. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

## 1.1 CONSTRUCTION AND APPLICATION OF RULES

The Local Rules shall be construed and applied in such a manner as to avoid conflict with the California Rules of Court, and shall be liberally construed to serve the efficient administration of justice in Sutter County Superior Court.

The California Rules of Court are not printed as part of the Sutter County Superior Court Local Rules, but are incorporated within them. Proceedings in the Sutter County Superior Court are governed by the California Rules of Court as supplemented by these Local Rules, and shall be read in conjunction with them. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### **1.2 DEFINITIONS**

Unless otherwise indicated herein, the following shall have the meanings designated below:

Clerk	Clerk of the Superior Court, County of Sutter
County	County of Sutter
Court	Superior Court of California, County of Sutter
ССР	California Code of Civil Procedure
CRC	California Rules of Court

(*Effective 7/01/13*)

## 1.3 SANCTIONS

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Failure to comply with any provision of the Local Rules may result in the imposition of sanctions pursuant to CCP § 575.2. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### **CHAPTER 2 - GENERAL RULES**

#### 2.0 COURT REPORTERS

(a) Pursuant to CRC 2.956 and California Government Code § 68086, notice is hereby given that the Superior Court of California, County of Sutter normally provides official court reporters as follows:

Department 1:	Criminal Proceedings (All Felony Matters except Arraignments;
	Misdemeanor Trials)
Department 2:	Criminal Proceedings (All Felony Matters except Arraignments;
	Misdemeanor Trials)
Department 3:	Criminal Proceedings (All Felony Matters except Arraignments;
	Misdemeanor Trials) and Juvenile Proceedings
Department A:	Juvenile Proceedings, Petitions to Declare a Minor Free From
	Parental Custody and Control, and Petitions for Termination of
	Parental Rights
Department B:	Mental Health Proceedings, LPS Conservator Proceedings, and
	Appellate Hearings

The court does not regularly provide official court reporters in other departments or for other proceedings, with the exception of mandated proceedings. A court reporter will normally be provided for any felony matter except arraignment, misdemeanor trial, juvenile proceeding, petition to declare a minor free from parental custody and control, petition to terminate parental rights, mental health proceeding, LPS conservator proceeding, and appellate hearing, regardless of the department in which the proceeding is conducted.

(b) Pursuant to CRC 2.956, 3.1310, and 5.123, Sutter County Superior Court does not regularly provide official court reporters or electronic recording for the following: civil hearings; civil trials; or hearings on requests for orders or motions in family law matters.

(c) Parties may obtain a reporter for proceedings other than those listed in SCLR 2.0(a) by making their own arrangements with a reporting service. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### 2.1 COURT SECURITY

To ensure the security of the courthouse and courtrooms, no person, except those authorized to do so, shall enter the courthouse or any courtroom carrying, or in possession of, any weapon or device as described in Penal Code section 171b, or any other item that may reasonably be used as a weapon. In addition to the weapons/devices listed in Penal Code section 171b, prohibited items include, but are not limited to, pepper spray and any pointed object capable of inflicting a stab wound or possessing sharpened

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edges or surfaces capable of cutting, including, but not limited to, knives (even if less than four inches in length), scissors, screwdrivers, metal combs, ice picks, letter openers, and knitting needles. Court security staff may search any person entering any courthouse or courtroom for possession of weapons and prohibited items, and may confiscate such items prior to permitting entry to the courthouse or courtroom. Assuming these items are not otherwise illegal, they will either be: (1) returned to the individual for the purpose of immediately exiting the courthouse and securing the items in the individual's vehicle; or (2) confiscated until the individual leaves the courthouse. *(Effective 1/01/17)* 

#### 2.2 ELECTRONIC FILING AND SERVICE

#### (a) Authority and Compliance

This rule governs permissive and mandatory electronic filing and service of documents in the Superior Court of California, County of Sutter, as authorized by California Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6 and California Rules of Court, Rules 2.250 et seq. Unless this rule provides otherwise, parties filing and serving documents electronically shall comply with all requirements and conditions for electronic filing and service set forth in California Code of Civil Procedure section 1010.6 and California Rules of Court, Rules of Court, Rules 2.250 et seq.

#### (b) Mandatory Electronic Filing and Service

Documents filed in all civil cases, probate cases, and family law cases must be filed and served electronically. Self-represented parties and non-parties are exempt from the mandatory electronic filing and service requirements, but are encouraged to participate voluntarily. An attorney representing a party may request to be excused from the mandatory electronic filing and service requirement by showing undue hardship or significant prejudice. An attorney requesting to be excused shall file with the Clerk of the Court and serve on all parties a Request for Exemption from Mandatory Electronic Filing and Service (Judicial Council Form EFS-007) with a Proposed Order (Judicial Council Form EFS-008). An attorney who files and serves a Request for Exemption from Mandatory Electronic Filing and Service shall be served with documents in paper form until the Court rules on the Request for Exemption. Undue hardship or significant prejudice does not include the inability to pay fees for electronic filing. Self-represented parties, non-parties, and attorneys excused from electronic filing must be served conventionally.

#### (c) Permissive Electronic Filing and Service

Documents filed in the specific permissive filing case types listed on the court's website at www.suttercourts.com may be filed and served electronically.

#### (d) Electronic Filing Requirements

All documents electronically filed, whether mandatory, permissive, by court order, or by stipulation of parties, must be electronically filed with the court using one of the court's approved electronic filing service providers, and must comply with the court's electronic filing requirements. Electronic filing requirements, including a list of approved electronic filing service providers, are available on the court's website at www.suttercourts.com and in hard copy at the clerk's office.

#### (e) Electronic Filing Acceptance and Deadlines

No document transmitted electronically is deemed filed unless it is accepted for filing by the Clerk. An electronically filed document shall be deemed filed on the date the document was submitted to the court if the submission was received by the court between 12:00 a.m. and 11:59:59 p.m. on a court day. An electronically filed document submitted on a noncourt day shall be deemed filed on the next court day. (*Subd (e) amended effective July 1, 2018.*)

#### (f) Electronic Filing Fee Waiver

A party who has received a fee waiver is not required to pay any fee for electronic filing and service. A party who has not already received a fee waiver may request a waiver of the fees for electronic filing and service by filing with the court an Application for Waiver of Court Fees and Costs (Judicial Council Forms FW-001 and FW-002).

#### (g) Redaction of Confidential and Personal Information

Counsel and parties are solely responsible for redacting personal identifiers and privileged and/or confidential information. The Clerk will not review documents for compliance. The Court may impose sanctions for violation of these requirements.

#### (h) Documents Excepted/Excused from Electronic Filing

A list of documents that shall not be filed electronically is included in the court's electronic filing requirements, available on the court's website at www.suttercourts.com and in hard copy at the clerk's office.

A party may be excused from filing any particular document or exhibit electronically if it is not available in electronic format and it is not feasible for the party to convert the document or exhibit to electronic format, or it may not be comprehensively viewed in an electronic format, including but not limited to exhibits that are real objects. Such a document or exhibit may be manually filed with the Clerk of the Court and served upon the parties by conventional non-electronic means. A party manually filing such a document or exhibit shall file electronically and serve a Notice of Manual Filing specifically describing the document or exhibit, and setting forth the reason the document or exhibit cannot be filed electronically.

During trial, a party may submit to the courtroom clerk and serve by hand any documents, as long as the documents are also filed electronically before the close of business no later than the following court day.

#### (i) Obligation to Keep Information Current

A party whose electronic notification address changes while the action or proceeding is pending must promptly file a Notice of Change of Address with the court electronically and must serve this notice on all other parties or their attorneys of record. (*Effective* 7/01/17)

## 2.3 PHOTOGRAPHING, RECORDING, AND BROADCASTING ON COURT GROUNDS

Photographing, recording, and/or broadcasting are strictly prohibited in the courthouse and/or any courthouse facility, except as authorized by the court or as permitted in California Rules of Court, Rule 1.150. The courthouse and/or any courthouse facility include but are not limited to stairways, elevators, waiting areas, hallways, entrances, security screening stations, service areas, through windows, through doors, and any other accessible areas of courthouse facilities, whether access was intended or not. Any person violating this rule is subject to removal at the court's discretion.

"Photographing" means recording a likeness in still form, regardless of the method used, including by digital or photographic methods. "Recording" means the use of any analog or digital device to aurally or visually preserve the subject. "Broadcasting" means a visual or aural transmission or signal, by any method, including any electronic transmission or transmission by sound waves. This rule applies to any device that appears capable of photographing, recording, or broadcasting, including, but not limited to, telephones and body-worn cameras.

Law enforcement personnel with body-worn cameras shall not activate the recording function of the cameras unless involved in law enforcement activities in the courthouse. Law enforcement activities do not include acting as a witness or assisting the prosecution in a pending matter.

Any violation of this Local Rule may be the basis for an order terminating media coverage, terminating prior authorization, a citation for contempt of court, or an order imposing monetary or other sanctions as provided by law. (*Effective 7/01/18*)

## **CHAPTER 3 - CIVIL RULES**

#### 3.0 CASE MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Scope

These case management rules, adopted pursuant to the Trial Court Delay Reduction Act of 1986 (California Government Code §68600 *et seq.*), apply to all general civil cases filed on or after July 1, 1992.

#### (b) Definition of General Civil Case

As used in these rules, "general civil case" means all civil cases except: probate, guardianship, conservatorship, juvenile, small claims, unlawful detainer, and family law proceedings (including proceedings under divisions 6-9 of the Family Code, Uniform Parentage Act, Domestic Violence Prevention Act, and Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; freedom from parental custody and control proceedings; and adoption proceedings); collections cases pursuant to CRC 3.740; other civil petitions, including petitions to prevent civil harassment, elder abuse, and workplace violence, petitions for name change, election contest petitions, petitions for coordination, and petitions for relief from late claims; and cases assigned to a judge for all purposes based on subject matter.

#### (c) Uninsured Motorist Cases

Cases designated as uninsured motorist cases are not subject to these case management rules until 180 days after designation.

#### (d) Case Differentiation

General civil cases will be assigned to one of three plans. It is the goal of the court that all general civil cases will be disposed of within the following time limits, in compliance with CRC 3.714:

(1) Plan 1 - 12 months
(2) Plan 2 - 18 months
(3) Plan 3 - 24 months

General civil cases shall be initially assigned to Plan 1. For good cause shown, upon the request of a party or the court's own determination, a case may be reassigned to another plan. In determining reassignment, the court will evaluate each case on its own merits, considering the factors set forth in CRC 3.715.

#### (e) Exemption of exceptional cases

The court may in the interest of justice exempt a general civil case from the case disposition time goals pursuant to CRC 3.714(c).

#### (f) Case Management Conference

#### (i) Scope

The court will set a case management conference for all general civil cases except complex cases and cases exempted under CRC 3.721 no later than 180 days after filing of the initial complaint.

#### (ii) Notice

At the time the case is filed, the clerk shall issue to the filing party a document with the date, time, and place of the first case management conference. It is the responsibility of the filing party to serve all other parties with notice of the case management conference date at the time the complaint is served.

#### (iii) Case Management Statement

Each party must file a case management statement pursuant to CRC 3.725.

#### (iv) Conduct of Case Management Conference

Counsel for each party and each self-represented party appearing in the action shall attend the Case Management Conference and shall be familiar with the case and be fully prepared to discuss all matters stated in CRC 3.724 and CRC 3.727. The court shall enter orders as specified in CRC 3.728. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

## **CHAPTER 4 - FAMILY LAW RULES**

#### 4.0 EX PARTE COMMUNICATION IN CHILD CUSTODY PROCEEDINGS

Ex parte communication with court-appointed or court-connected child custody mediators and/or child custody evaluators is prohibited except as otherwise allowed by statute and California Rules of Court, including Family Code section 216 and CRC 5.235. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### 4.1 COURT-ORDERED CHILD CUSTODY EVALUATIONS

#### (a) Implementation of CRC 5.220

All child custody evaluations must comply with CRC 5.220 et seq.

#### (b) Child Custody Evaluators, Requirements

All child custody evaluators must comply with CRC 5.220 *et seq.*, including, but not limited to, requirements regarding qualifications, training, continuing education, and experience set forth in CRC 5.225 and CRC 5.230. In the event no evaluator that meets the requirements of CRC 5.225 is willing and available to perform an evaluation, the court may appoint an evaluator that does not meet the requirements under the circumstances permitted by CRC 5.225.

#### (c) Peremptory Challenge to a Court-Appointed Evaluator

Peremptory challenges to any court-appointed child custody evaluator are not allowed.

#### (d) Evaluator's withdrawal

If a court-appointed private evaluator has good cause for withdrawal, he or she must notify the parties in writing. The parties may stipulate to the appointment of an alternative evaluator.

#### (e) Procedure for complaints

Any party's complaint regarding a court-connected evaluator's performance must be in writing and addressed to the Court Executive Officer. Complaints shall be as specific as possible in describing what the evaluator did or did not do. The Court Executive Officer or his/her designee will investigate, evaluate, and respond to the complaint in due course. Nothing in these rules precludes any person or public agency from pursing rights afforded them by any other statute or rule of law.

Complaints regarding private child custody evaluators may be discussed directly with the evaluator and, if not resolved informally, should be directed to the appropriate licensing/regulatory board.

#### (f) List of Qualified Evaluators

The court will ensure information is posted, in those areas that serve family law litigants, regarding how to find qualified evaluators in the jurisdiction. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### 4.2 COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL FOR A CHILD

#### (a) Complaints

Any party's complaint regarding the performance of court-appointed counsel for a child must be in writing and addressed to the Court Executive Officer. Complaints shall be as specific as possible in describing what the attorney did or did not do. The Court Executive Officer or his/her designee, in consultation with the Presiding Judge, will investigate, evaluate, and respond to the complaint in due course. Nothing in these rules precludes any person or public agency from pursing rights afforded them by any other statute or rule of law. (*Effective 7/01/13*)

#### 4.3 COMMUNICATION REGARDING CRIMINAL PROTECTIVE ORDERS AND CHILD CUSTODY/VISITATION ORDERS

Courts issuing criminal protective orders shall make reasonable efforts to determine whether any child custody or visitation orders exist that involve any party to the pending criminal action. Court staff shall, at a minimum, check reasonably available resources to determine such information. Courts issuing orders involving child custody or visitation shall make reasonable efforts to determine whether a criminal court protective order exists that involves any party to the pending civil action. Court staff shall, at a minimum, check reasonably available resources to determine such information. A court that has issued a criminal protective order may, after consultation with a court that has issued a subsequent child custody or visitation order, modify the criminal protective order to allow or restrict contact between the person restrained by the order and his or her children. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### 4.4 MEDIATION OF CUSTODY AND VISITATION

#### (a) Complaints

Any party's complaint regarding mediation services must be in writing and addressed to the Court Executive Officer. Complaints shall be as specific as possible in describing what the mediator did or did not do. The Court Executive Officer or his/her designee will investigate, evaluate, and respond to the complaint in due course. Nothing in these rules precludes any person or public agency from pursuing rights afforded them by any other statute or rule of law.(*Effective 7/01/13*)

## 4.5 DUTIES OF FAMILY LAW FACILITATOR

In addition to the services set forth in Family Code section 10004, the Sutter County Superior Court's Family Law Facilitator may, as required by the court, perform the additional duties listed in Family Code section 10005. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

### **CHAPTER 5 - JUVENILE RULES**

#### 5.0 REPRESENTATION OF PARTIES IN DEPENDENCY PROCEEDINGS

#### (a) Competency Requirement

Absent a knowing and intelligent waiver by the represented party, all attorneys representing parties in juvenile dependency proceedings must meet the minimum standards of competence set forth in these rules and CRC 5.660(d).

#### (b) Screening and Certification

- (i) Any attorney appointed by the court in a dependency matter must complete and submit to the court a Certification of Competence on Local Form JV-05 within 10 days of his or her first appointment.
- (ii) Attorneys who meet minimum standards of training and/or experience as set forth in these rules, as demonstrated by the information contained in the Certification of Competence submitted to the court, shall be deemed competent for appointment by the juvenile court in dependency cases except as provided in subdivision (b)(iii) of this Rule.
- (iii) Notwithstanding the submission of a Certificate of Competence demonstrating the attorney has met the minimum standards for training and/or experience, the court may determine, based on conduct or performance of counsel before the court in a dependency proceeding, that a particular attorney does not meet the minimum competency standards. In such case, the court shall proceed as set forth in SCLR 5.0(g).
- (iv) In the case of an attorney who maintains his or her principal office in a California county other than Sutter County, proof of certification by the juvenile court of the county in which the attorney maintains an office shall be sufficient evidence of competence to be appointed to represent a child or party in a juvenile proceeding in Sutter County.

#### (c) Minimum Standards of Education and Training

- (i) An attorney may not be appointed to represent parties in a dependency matter before the juvenile court unless the attorney meets one of the following requirements:
  - (A) Has completed the minimum training and education required by CRC 5.660(d)(3); or
  - (B) Has sufficient recent experience in dependency proceedings in which the attorney has demonstrated competence. In determining whether the

attorney has demonstrated competence, the court shall consider whether the attorney's performance has substantially complied with the requirements of these rules.

(ii) Every three years, attorneys who meet the education or experience requirements set forth in subsection (c)(i) must complete at least eight (8) hours of continuing education related to dependency and must submit a new Certification of Competence to the court in order to be appointed to represent parties. If an appointed attorney fails to submit a new Certification of Competence demonstrating compliance with the continuing education requirement, the court shall notify the attorney that he or she will be decertified. Said attorney shall have 20 days from the date of the mailing of the notice to submit evidence of his or her completion of the required training or education. If the appointed attorney fails to submit the required evidence or fails to complete the required minimum hours of continued training or education, the court may order that certified counsel or counsel compliant with this Rule be substituted for the attorney.

#### (d) Standards of Representation

All attorneys representing parties in dependency proceedings shall meet the minimum standards of representation set forth in CRC 5.660(d)(4).

#### (e) Attorney Contact Information

All attorneys representing children in dependency proceedings shall provide their contact information as required by CRC 5.660(d)(5).

#### (f) Attorney Caseload

An attorney representing a child in a dependency proceeding must have a caseload that allows the attorney to perform the duties required by Welfare and Institutions Code section 317(e) and CRC 5.660, and meet the requirements of CRC 5.660(d)(3)-(5).

#### (g) Procedures for Reviewing and Resolving Complaints

Any party's complaint regarding his or her appointed attorney must be in writing and addressed to the Court Executive Officer. A complaint may be lodged on a child's behalf by a social worker, caretaker relative, or foster parent. Complaints shall be as specific as possible in describing what the attorney did or did not do. The Court Executive Officer or his/her designee, in consultation with the Presiding Judge, will investigate, evaluate, and respond to the complaint in due course. Nothing in these rules precludes any person or public agency from pursing rights afforded them by any other statute or rule of law.

#### (h) Procedures for Informing the Court of the Interests of a Dependent Child

(i) At any time during the pendency of a dependency proceeding, any interested person may notify the court that the minor who is the subject of the

proceeding may have an interest or right that needs to be protected or pursued in another judicial or administrative forum. If counsel for the minor becomes aware that the minor may have such a right or interest, counsel for the minor shall notify the court as soon as reasonably possible.

- (ii) Notice may be given by the filing and service on all parties of a declaration. The person giving notice shall set forth the nature of the interest or right that needs to be protected or pursued, the name and address, if known, of the administrative agency or judicial forum in which the right or interest may be affected, and the nature of the proceedings being contemplated or conducted there.
- (iii) If the person filing the notice is the attorney for the child, the motion shall state what action on the child's behalf the attorney believes is necessary, whether the attorney is willing or able to pursue the matter on the child's behalf, whether the association of counsel specializing in practice before that agency or court may be necessary or appropriate, whether the appointment of guardian ad litem may be necessary to initiate or pursue the proposed action, whether joinder of an administrative agency to the juvenile court proceedings pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 362 may be appropriate or necessary to protect or pursue the child's interests, and whether further investigation may be necessary.
- (iv) If the person filing the notice is not the attorney for the child, a copy of the notice shall be served on the attorney for the child, or, if the child is unrepresented, the notice shall so state.
- (v) If the court determines that further action on behalf of the child is required, the court shall do one or more of the following:
  - (A) Authorize the child's attorney to pursue the matter on the child's behalf;
  - (B) Appoint an attorney for the child if the child is unrepresented;
  - (C) Notice a joinder hearing pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 362 compelling the responsible agency to report to the court with respect to whether it has carried out its statutory duties with respect to the child;
  - (D) Appoint a guardian ad litem for the child for the purpose of initiating or pursuing appropriate action in the other forum(s); and/or
  - (E) Take any other action the court deems necessary or appropriate to protect the welfare, interests, and rights of the child.

#### (i) Timelines

Attorneys for parties are required to adhere to the statutory time lines for all hearings. Requests for continuances shall be in writing unless waived by the court for good cause. Time waivers will be accepted and continuance granted only on a showing of good cause.

#### (j) Guardian ad litem

In proper cases, the court will appoint an attorney as guardian ad litem. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

#### 5.1 CONTESTED MATTERS: TIMELINES AND PROCEDURES

#### (a) Pre-hearing Discovery

- (i) Informal Discovery: Pre-hearing discovery shall be conducted informally under the procedures set forth in CRC 5.546.
- (ii) Motions: All parties shall meet and confer in good faith on any and all discovery issues prior to filing a pre-hearing discovery motion. Only after all informal means have been eliminated may a party petition the court for discovery by way of motion pursuant to CRC 5.546(f). The date for the hearing shall be obtained from the Court Clerk, Juvenile Division. A discovery motion under this Rule shall be filed and served on all parties at least five (5) court days before the hearing. Any responsive papers shall be filed and served two (2) court days prior to the hearing.

#### (b) Presentation of Evidence

Social Study Reports prepared by CPS shall be filed with the court and made available to all counsel before the hearing in accordance with the following time limitations, unless otherwise ordered by the court:

- (i) Jurisdictional Reports shall be filed a reasonable time before the hearing.
- (ii) Dispositional Reports shall be filed at least 48 hours before the hearing.
- (iii) Reviews of Family Reunification, Family Maintenance, and Permanent Plans shall be filed at least ten (10) calendar days before the hearing.
- (iv) Addenda, Status Reports, and all other reports shall be filed a reasonable number of days before the hearing.

If the Social Study Report is not timely filed or made available to all counsel, then any affected party or the court may request a continuance of the hearing to the extent permitted by law.

The names of experts to be called by any party and copies of their reports shall be provided to all counsel at least ten (10) calendar days before the hearing.

Witness lists shall be filed with the court and provided to all counsel at least 48 hours prior to the hearing.

In order to eliminate unnecessary delays, counsel shall confer regarding contested issues at least one court day prior to the hearing.

#### (c) Settlement Conferences

Settlement conferences shall be calendared and held prior to the jurisdictional hearing by court order at the convenience of the parties, if the court deems them necessary. The trial attorneys and their clients shall be present at the settlement conference, unless excused by the court. A representative of CPS with authority to settle cases shall be present at the settlement conference.

#### (d) Mediation

Mediation shall be ordered as the court deems necessary. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

## **CHAPTER 6 – TRAFFIC RULES**

## 6.0 TRIAL BY WRITTEN DECLARATION

Pursuant to Vehicle Code section 40902, a defendant charged with a Vehicle Code infraction or violation of local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code may elect to have a trial by written declaration, unless the defendant has been notified by the court that personal appearance is mandatory. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

## **CHAPTER 7 – RESERVED**

## **CHAPTER 8 – RESERVED**

## **CHAPTER 9 - ADMINISTRATIVE RULES**

### 9.0 DEFINITION OF JUDICIAL "DAY OF VACATION"

A "day of vacation" for a judge of the Superior Court of California, County of Sutter, is an approved absence from the court for one full business day. Absences from the court listed in CRC 10.603(c)(2)(H) are excluded from this definition. *(Effective 7/01/13)* 

## LOCAL FORMS LIST

Division	Form #	Local Form Name	Mandatory or Optional
Civil	CV-01	Application & Order for Release of Adoption Records	Optional
Civil	CV-02	Ex Parte Declaration of Notice and Sample	Optional
Civil	CV-03	Stipulation to Set Trial	Optional
Civil	CV-04	Trial Brief	Optional
Civil	CV-05	At-Issue Memorandum	Optional
Criminal	CR-01	Ex Parte Application and Order	Optional
Criminal	CR-02	Felony Plea Form	Optional
Criminal	CR-03	Misdemeanor Entry of Plea with Priors - 23152 VC	Optional
Criminal	CR-04	Misdemeanor Plea Form with Priors – BLANK	Optional
Criminal	CR-05	Prop 47 Petition	Optional
Criminal	CR-06	Proposition 64 Petition	Optional
Criminal	CR-07	Request to be Placed on Court's Calendar	Optional
Family Court Services	FL-01	At-Issue Memorandum	Optional
Family Court Services	FL-02	Child Custody Investigation Questionnaire	Optional
Family Court Services	FL-03	Child Custody Investigation Questionnaire for Partial Investigations	Optional
Family Court Services	FL-04	Declaration Re Due Diligence	Optional
Family Court Services	FL-05	Guardianship Investigation Questionnaire	Optional
Family Court Services	FL-06	Objection to Guardianship	Optional
Juvenile	JV-05	Certification of Competence to Practice in Juvenile Dependency Court	Mandatory

Probate	PR-01	Probate Declaration Re Due Diligence blank	Optional
Traffic	TR-01	Application and Declaration for Community	Optional
		Service or Request for Hearing on Ability to Pay	_
		Traffic Fine	
Traffic	TR-02	Declaration of Financial Circumstances for	Optional
		Community Service or Ability to Pay Traffic Fine	•
Traffic	TR-03	Request for Permission to Attend Traffic School	Optional
		26+	-

## **APPENDIX A – MANDATORY LOCAL FORMS**

Effective July 1, 2013

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT	ATTORNEY (Name, state bar r	number, and add	address) FOR COURT USE ONLY
TELEPHONE NO: ATTORNEY FOR (NAME):	FAX NO:		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CAU COUNTY OF SUTTER 1175 CIVIC CENTER BLVD YUBA CITY, CA 95993 (530)822-3300			
IN THE MATTER OF:			
a second provide second s	COMPETENCY TO PRA E DEPENDENCY COUR		CASE NUMBER:
1	Att	ornev at I aw	aw, am licensed to practice in the State of California.
State Bar Number is	, , ,	onioy at Law	
I hereby certify that I meet the Court as set forth in Local Ru education and/or experience TRAINING AND EDUCATION (Attach copies of MCLE certif	le 5.0. I further certify tha as set forth below. N	t I have com	fore the Juvenile Division of Sutter County Superior mpleted the minimum requirements for training, endance)
COURSE TITLE	DATE COMPLETED	HOURS	PROVIDER
JUVENILE DEPENDENCY E (Attach extra page if necessa COURSE TITLE		HOURS	PROVIDER
÷	und K		•
Dated:			Signature of Attorney
APPROVED			
Dated:	·	JL	JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

JV-05

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